**CHAPTER REVIEW 13**

1. The vital signs consist of body temperature, pulse, respirations, and blood pressure.
2. Recording a guess is illegal and can put a resident's life in danger
3. Headache, fatigue, muscle aches, and chills
4. If a resident has eaten or had something to drink, an NA should wait 10 to 20 minutes
5. The tip of the Tympanic Thermometer should be inserted into the ear one-quarter to one-half inch.
6. The most common site for taking pause is the radial pulse
7. Because if the people know that you are taking their pulse, they will breath more quickly
8. The Apical pulse is located on the left side of the chest, just below the nipple
9. If the blood pressure cuff is not the correct size so the amount of pressure on the artery is correct, if not, the reading will be falsely high or low
10. The brachial pulse is also used to measure blood pressure
11. Report pain or unrelieved pain promptly to the nurse.
12. Check on the resident often and ask if the pain has been relived.
13. Give back rubs frequently if allowed.
14. Assist in frequent changes of position.
15. Offer warm baths or shower.
16. B
17. C
18. B
19. A
20. D
21. D
22. B